EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA FACULTY OF SCIENCE

First Year Second Semester Examination in Science - 2021/2022

(August/September 2024) MT 1042 Vector Analysis

Answer all questions

Time : Two hours

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- 1. (a) Find a unit vector parallel to the resultant of vectors $2\underline{i} + 4\underline{j} 5\underline{k}$ and $\underline{i} + 2\underline{j} + 3\underline{k}$. [15 marks]
 - (b) Find the area of a parallelogram having diagonals $3\underline{i} + \underline{j} 2\underline{k}$ and $\underline{i} 3\underline{j} + 4\underline{k}$. [30 marks]
 - (c) If the midpoint of the consecutive sides of any quadrilateral are connected by straight lines then prove that the resulting quadrilateral is a parallelogram. [25 marks]
 - (d) Find an equation for the plane passing through three point whose position vectors are given by (2, -1, 1), (3, 2, -1), (-1, 3, 2). [30 marks]
- 2. (a) Find the curvature of the space curve $x = (3t t^3), y = 3t^2, z = (3t + t^3).$ [45 marks]
 - (b) What is the direction from the point (1, 1, -1) when the directional derivative of $\phi = x^2 - 2y^2 + 4z^2$ is maximum and find the value of this maximum directional derivative. [25 marks]
 - (c) Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface yz zx + xy + 5 = 0 at the point (1, -1, 2). [30 marks]

- 3. (a) Show that $\underline{F} = (\sin y + z)\underline{i} + (x \cos y z)\underline{j} + (x y)\underline{k}$ is a conservative vector. Find the scalar potential function ϕ such that $\underline{F} = \underline{\nabla} \phi$. [45 mark
 - (b) If \underline{a} is a constant vector. Prove that

$$\operatorname{Curl}\frac{(\underline{a}\wedge\underline{r})}{r^3} = \frac{3(\underline{a}\cdot\underline{r})}{r^5} \ \underline{r} - \frac{\underline{a}}{r^3}.$$

55 mar

[10 mark

4. (a) State the Green's theorem. Evaluate $\oint (y - \sin x) dx + \cos x$

Evaluate
$$\oint_C (y - \sin x) dx + \cos x dy$$
,
i. by directly;

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ii. by using Green's theorem in the xy plane.

where C is the triangle joining points whose coordinates are (0,0), $\left(\frac{\pi}{2},0\right)$ at $\left(\frac{\pi}{2},1\right)$ [60 mark

(b) If $F = (2x^2 - 3z)\underline{i} - 2xy\underline{j} - 4x\underline{k}$ then evaluate $\int \int \int_V \operatorname{div} \underline{F} \, dV$, where V is the region bounded by x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 and 2x + 2y + z = 4. [30 marks]