LAND SUITABILITY EVALUATION: A TOOL FOR SUSTAINABI LAND MANAGEMENT – A CASE STUDY

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Land-use suitability analysis is one of the most useful applications of GIS (Geo Information Systems) for spatial planning and management. Biophysical suitability agricultural land-uses was evaluated by carrying out a land suitability classificat sub-watershed in Thailand. The study area, Khlong Yai sub-watershed covering 170 is located between 12° 65' to 13° 14' N latitudes and 101° 03' to 101° 44' E longing Thailand. A total of fourteen diagnostic factors including annual rainfall, mean temperature, and twelve important soil properties were considered in this study. A overlay modeling technique was performed in GIS to obtain the land suitability cleach of the eleven land-uses available in the study area. By overlaying the suitability each crop with present land-use map suitability analysis of present land-use was de-

The results of land suitability analysis indicated that pineapple, cassava, coconut and were the more suitable crops in terms of area of suitability. In this regard 52.81 and of total area were highly and moderately suitable for pineapple cultivation. The figures for cassava, para rubber, coconut and orchard were 45.12 and 35.38, 4 37.02, 43.49 and 45.89 and 23.02 and 53.19 respectively. However the suitability of present land-uses showed that 47% of the present land-uses are under highly areas, 46% under moderately suitable, 5% under marginally suitable and 2% are unsuitable areas. Results therefore indicate that there is a need of land-use change sustainability of the land-uses considering other factors such as land degradation and preferences as well. Similar studies would yield valuable information in the sus management of local agricultural lands.

Key Words: Land Suitability, GIS, Sustainable Land Management