EASTERN UNIVERSITY SRI LANKA



THIRD YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION IN AGRICULTURE-2002 PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

ASC 3201- DISEASE MANAGEMENT OF FARM ANIMALS

Answer all Questions.

Time: 2 hrs.

- 1] (a) A calf was died three weeks after birth with the following clinical problems.
 - Mark severe lameness.
 - Enlargement of the joints.
 - High fever.

Answer the following questions.

- (i) Briefly describe the possible cause for the death of the cals?
- (ii) What are the management practices that you can adopt to avoid the above problem?
- (b) (i) What is the common bacterial disease causing lameness in adult cattle, managed under poor sanitary condition.
 - (ii) State the predisposing factors and the causative bacteria of these above disease.
 - (iii) How can you treat the affected animal locally?
 - (iv) What are the control measures that you should conduct to prevent the occurrence of the above problem?
- 2] (a) (i) Name two contagious bacterial diseases causing sudden death in the cattle population of Sri Lanka.
 - (ii) Name the bacteria causing the above mentioned diseases.
 - (iii) Briefly describe the mode of t ansmission, clinical symptoms and control measures of any one of the disease mentioned above.
 - (b) (i) What are the clinical signs of a cow suffering from acute mastitis?
 - (ii) How can you control the above disease?

- 3] (a) Cerebrospinal nematodiasis is the common problem in goats causing partial complete paralysis.
 - (i) What is the causative agent of the above disease?
 - (ii) Briefly discuss the mode of transmission of the disease mentioned above.
 - (iii) What are the precautions that you should take to control the above disease?
- 4] (a) List any three viral diseases which are affecting the commercial broilers and layers.
 - (b) Briefly discuss the above diseases under the following aspects.
 - i. Disease transmission
 - ii. Clinical signs.
 - iii. Treatment and control.
 - (c) Coccidiosis is a common disease causing severe production losses in poultry operations.
 - (i) How can you diagnose the above condition at the early period of this infection?
 - (ii) What is the importance of early diagnosis?
 - (iii) What are the management practices that you should adopt to control above infection?