



EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA
SECOND EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE 1998/99 RE-REPEAT
EXCH201 MAIN GROUP CHEMISTRY, CO-ORDINATION CHEMISTRY AND
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

TIME: 02 Hours

Answer **FOUR** questions only

1) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

- a) Write down the general properties of group VII A elements
- b) Write brief account on the similarities and dissimilarities between elements of sub-groups IA and IIA.
- a) Give a comparative account of the hydrides, oxides and chlorides of C, Si, Sn and Pb.

2) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

- a)
 - i) What is meant by the term 'Crystal Field Stabilization Energy (CFSE)'?
 - ii) Calculate the CFSE of octahedral and tetrahedral complexes with d^4 , d^6 and d^8 electrons.
- b) Explain, using examples what do you mean by the following.
 - i) Quenching of orbital contribution to the magnetic moment of transition metal complex.
 - ii) Jahn-Teller effect
- c) Explain the variation of ionic radii and lattice energy for weak field octahedral M^{2+} ions of first row transition elements.

3) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

a) Write the IUPAC names of the following co-ordination complexes.

- i) $[\text{CoClCNNO}_2(\text{NH}_3)_3]$
- ii) $\text{Na}_3[\text{Ag}(\text{S}_2\text{O}_3)_2]$
- iii) $\text{K}_2[\text{OsCl}_5\text{N}]$

Contd.

- b) Write the formulas of the following complexes
- bis(cyclopentadienyl)iron(II)
 - tetraamminecobalt(III)- μ -amido- μ -peroxotetraamminecobalt(III)
 - triamminechlorocyanonitrocobalt(III)
- c) One pink solid has the formula $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 5\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$. A solution of this salt is also pink and rapidly gives 3 moles AgCl on titration with silver nitrate solution. When the pink solid is heated, it loses one mole H_2O and give a purple solid with the same ratio of $\text{NH}_3:\text{Cl}:\text{Co}$.
- Deduce the structures of the two octahedral complexes.
 - Draw and name the structures of the deduced complexes.

4) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

- What is the difference between emission and absorption of radiation?
- Draw a labeled diagram to show the basic components of an atomic absorption unit. Briefly describe the function(s) of each component
- Discuss the following
 - The effect of a continuous source such as a deuterium lamp on the response of the detector of an atomic absorption spectrophotometer.
 - The effect of temperature on atomic emission signal

5) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

- Discuss the principles and theory of colorimetry.
- Describe a method to determine the concentration of Fe^{3+} in an unknown solution.
- Discuss the advantages of colorimetric and spectrophotometric methods than visual colorimetric method.

6) Answer **all** parts (a), (b) and (c).

- Describe the method of ion exchange chromatography in analysis.
- Discuss with examples the uses of ion exchange chromatography.
- Explain the basic principles involved in solvent extraction.

End